

PREVENT STRATEGY AND RISK ASSESSMENT POLICY

Date of Policy	September 2024
Reviewer(s)	Vice Principal and Director of
	Safeguarding, Mental Health and
	Wellbeing (DSL)
Approved by	Principal
Next Review Date	September 2025



Contents

AIM	2
Rationale	ว
School Strategy	5
Principles	6

AIM

Worthgate School believes that protecting students from the risk of radicalisation is part of our safeguarding duties. Due to the international nature of our School, we recognise that whilst it will be rare that our students will become involved in terrorist activity, they can or may have been exposed to terrorist and extremist influences and prejudiced views. This strategy document must be read in conjunction with the School's Safeguarding Policy and the Prevent Risk Assessment.

RATIONALE

For young people, a key part of growing up is exploring new ideas and critically questioning the world around them, and this should be encouraged in order to help them develop their understanding of the world and learn the values of tolerance and acceptance. However, this needs to be balanced against the need to protect them from risk of harm. Working together to safeguard children (2023, latest update February 2024) and Keeping Children Safe (KCSIE 2024) identify children at risk of becoming radicalised as potentially being in need or at risk of harm; children may also be put at risk where their parents hold extremist views. Preventing radicalization in KCSIE (2024) is under review following the publications of a new definition of extremism (New definition of extremism (2024) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) March 14 2024):

'Extremism' is the promotion or advancement of an ideology based on violence, hatred or intolerance, that aims to:

Negate or destroy the fundamental rights and freedoms of others:
 Behaviour against a group, or members of it, that seeks to negate or destroy their rights to live equally under the law and free of fear, threat, violence, and discrimination. Including: Using, threatening, inciting, justifying, glorifying or excusing violence towards a group in order to dissuade them from using their legally defined rights and freedoms.

or

- 2. Undermine, overturn or replace the UK's system of liberal parliamentary democracy and democratic rights. Including:
 - Attempts to undermine, overturn, or replace the UK's system of liberal parliamentary democracy and democratic rights. Including:
 - Advocating that the UK's parliamentary democracy and democratic values and rights are not compatible with their ideology, and seeking to challenge, overthrow, or change our political system outside of lawful means
 - Using, threatening, inciting, justifying, glorifying or excusing violence towards citizens,
 in order to dissuade them from participating freely in the democratic process

- Subverting the way public or state institutions exercise their powers, in order to further ideological goals, for example through entryism, or by misusing powers or encouraging others to do so
- Using, threatening, inciting, justifying, glorifying or excusing violence towards public
 officials including our armed forces, police forces and members of local, devolved or
 national legislatures, in order to dissuade them from conducting their obligations freely
 and fearlessly, without external interference
- Establishing parallel governance structures which, whether or not they have formal legal underpinning, seek to supersede the lawful powers of existing institutions of state
- 3. Intentionally create a permissive environment for others to achieve the results in (1) or (2) above. Including:
 - Providing an uncritical platform for individuals or representatives of groups or organisations that have demonstrated behaviour in either aim 1 or aim 2
 - Facilitating activity of individuals or representatives of groups or organisations that have demonstrated behaviour in either aim 1 or aim 2, including through provision of endorsement, funding, or other forms of support
 - The dissemination of extremist propaganda and narratives that call for behaviour in either aim 1 or aim 2
 - Attempts to radicalise, indoctrinate and recruit others to an ideology based on violence, hatred or intolerance, including young people
 - Consistent association with individuals or representatives of groups or organisations that have demonstrated behaviour in either aim 1 or aim 2 without providing critical challenge to their ideology or behaviour
 - If any behaviour listed in aim 1 or aim 2 has occurred previously, a refusal by the individual, group or organisation that conducted the behaviour to rescind, repudiate or distance themselves from the behaviour

Extremism is the vocal or active opposition to our fundamental values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and the mutual respect and tolerance of different faiths and beliefs. This also includes calling for the death of members of the armed forces.

Radicalisation is the process of a person legitimising support for, or use of, terrorist violence (<u>Prevent duty guidance: England and Wales (2023) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>.

Terrorism is an action that endangers or causes serious violence to a person/people; causes serious damage to property; or seriously interferes or disrupts an electronic system (<u>Terrorism Act 2000 (legislation.gov.uk)</u>). The use or threat must be designed to influence the government or to intimidate the public and is made for the purpose of advancing a political, religious or ideological cause.

'Radicalisation' is the process by which a person comes to support terrorism and extremist ideologies associated with terrorist groups. Extremists will try to attract people to their cause

by persuading them that their view of the world is the correct view and encouraging them to take action to change the world to fit these extremist views.

Most individuals, even those who hold radical views, do not become involved in extremism and many young people can be exposed to extremist views without becoming radicalised. However, some children and young people may be more vulnerable to radicalisation due to personal circumstances such as:

- feelings of loss, bereavement, social isolation and confusion over identity
- experience of discrimination, inequality or harassment leading to a sense of grievance
- family breakdown or community tensions
- having family members or friends who are already radicalised

Reasons why children and young people may be attracted to the extremist narrative and may become radicalised include the following:

- they are trying to make sense of world events
- they feel that their culture or religion is under threat
- it makes them feel a sense of identity or belonging or being part of something
- they are looking for adventure or excitement; young people who exhibit risk taking behaviour may be attracted to the sense of danger
- they have a personal grievance or experience of racism or discrimination and feel they want to change things
- they are under pressure from their peers who have links with these groups

Exposure to extremist ideas may be through the influence of family members or friends, direct contact with extremist groups and organisations or, increasingly, through the internet. Young people may come into contact with adults and peers with extremist views both on-line and in everyday life and the radicaliser may be a friend or relative or may be a stranger they meet on-line.

Contact on-line may be through social media such as Facebook, Twitter, TikTok, Instagram or YouTube, but young people may be invited to join discussions on less well-known sites/apps such as Discord, Kik, Whisper, Messenger, Yik Yak, Omegle, Reddit or Gaming Platfoms. Extremists often use these sites because they are harder to monitor and they can hide their identity.

Extremists often manipulate and "groom" young people by using emotional triggers to engage with them, often targeting them when they are experiencing difficulties such as bereavement, emotional trauma, mental health issues or social isolation.

The NSPCC acknowledge radicalization can be difficult to spot. They suggest the following may be signs a child is being radicalized:

- isolating themselves from family and friends
- talking as if from a scripted speech

- unwillingness or inability to discuss their views
- a sudden disrespectful attitude towards others
- increased levels of anger
- increased secretiveness, especially around internet use.
- out of character changes in dress, behaviour and beliefs
- changes in their friendship group or associating with people who hold extremist beliefs
- losing interest in previous activities
- changes in use of social media with increased secrecy
- owning several mobile phones or devices
- showing sympathy for extremist causes
- advocating extremist messages
- glorifying violence
- accessing extremist literature and imagery
- mysogynistic views

However, when assessing risk it is important to bear in mind that some of the signs of radicalisation could be indicative of other issues, for example bullying, substance misuse or mental illness. It is important to be cautious in assessing these factors to avoid inappropriately labelling or stigmatizing individuals because they possess a characteristic or fit a specific profile.

SCHOOL STRATEGY

In order to fulfil our Prevent Duty and have due regard to the need to prevent our young people from being drawn into terrorism, we will:

- Build capabilities in our staff and students by developing an awareness and understanding of radicalisation, and why people may be drawn to terrorism
- Enable staff to identify children who may be vulnerable to radicalisation though:
- Complete staff raining covering Prevent and Channel¹
- Provide staff Safeguarding Training through INSET and the use of relevant National College material to enable them to be alert to changes in <u>children's behaviour which</u> could indicate that they may need help or protection from radicalization
- Provide staff and student Safeguarding Updates
- Hold discussions with the DSL and Safeguarding team
- Help students in building resilience to radicalisation through

Under the Channel duty, all local authorities must set up a Channel Panel in co-operation with partner agencies in order to:

- identify individuals at risk of being drawn into terrorism;
- assess the nature and extent of that risk; and
- develop the most appropriate support plan for the individuals concerned.

¹ Channel is a key part of the Prevent strategy that places a duty on local authorities to set up at a specialist Channel Panel in order to provide a mechanism for safeguarding children, young people and adults who are at risk of being drawn into terrorist activity.

- o Our School ethos of respect for other cultures
- o PSHE/RSE Curriculum
- o Promoting British Values
- The academic curriculum and super-curriculum (e.g. Worthgate Futures Electives)
- Providing a safe environment where our students feel they can approach any adult and discuss their concerns
- Cooperate with other agencies such as:
 - o The Kent Children Social Services
 - o KSCMP
 - o KCC Prevent team
 - Kent Police
 - Our parents
- Check the suitability of all external speakers that come into the school by ensuring:
 - o A policy of due diligence is in place
 - o All speakers are accompanied by staff
 - Staff are empowered to stop a speaker should their view contradict our values, protected characteristics or British values

PRINCIPLES

- Create an atmosphere where young people can understand and discuss sensitive topics, including terrorism and extremist ideas, and teach them how to challenge these ideas
- Share knowledge of Fundamental British Values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, mutual respect, and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs at any opportunity
- Share knowledge of institutions and services in England and encourages students to respect them
- Report extremist concerns with regards to a student/staff at the School immediately
 to the DSL or Principal (who are aware of the <u>Report radicalisation or extremism</u>
 (<u>Prevent</u>) <u>Kent County Council</u> of if an immediate threat to contact the Police
 directly on 999)
- Use the visiting Speakers' policy
- Use the whistleblowing policy
- Use the safeguarding policy to report incidents

RISK ASSESSMENT - EXTREMISM AND RADICALISATION

Location:	The	Risk	3	Assessor:	Nicola
	Worthgate	Assessment			Robinson
	School,	No:			(Vice
	Canterbury				Principal)
					and Martyn
					Rogers
					(DSL)
Signed:		Date of	September	Distribution:	All Staff
	N) Whi	Assessment:	2024		
Activity:	Prevention of	Date of	September	Next review	September
	Extremism	Review:	2024	Date:	2025
	and				
	Radicalisation				

The Prevent Duty

The Worthgate School is aware of our duty under section 26 of the Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (the CTSA 2015), in the exercise of their functions, to have "due regard to the need to prevent people from being drawn into terrorism", also known as the Prevent duty and the <u>specific obligations</u> placed upon us as an education provider regarding risk assessments, working in partnership, staff training, and IT policies.

This Risk Assessment is designed to assess the risk of our students being drawn into terrorism and to highlight the measures that have been out in place to mitigate the risks. It should be read in addition to the safeguarding policy which contains further advice, as well as contact details for referring suspected cases of radicalisation.

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals at risk	Risk: High, Medium, Low	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk: High, Medium, Low
Welfare and Safeguarding	Staff or other contracted providers (e.g. regular supply or agency staff) are not aware of the school procedure for handling concerns and or do not feel comfortable sharing issues internally.	Students	High	 Designated Safeguarding Lead to disseminate 'Prevent' awareness training and salient points to all staff, Governors and other regular contracted staff in the setting as part of staff induction, INSET, safeguarding updates and safeguarding bulletins. Contracted staff are made aware of the person to whom concerns are to be reported. Preventing students from being exposed to radicalisation or extremism is part of safeguarding policies and procedures i.e. Child Protection & Esafety. Staff have received appropriate training and are familiar with our Child Protection Policy and Safeguarding procedures. Concerns are reported to the DSL or the DDSLs. Records are held of any referrals—regular monitoring by the DSL takes place. 	Part of staff induction, INSET, safeguarding updates and safeguarding bulletins/ procedures	Low

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals at risk	Risk: High, Medium, Low	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk: High, Medium, Low
Welfare and Safeguarding	Students are radicalised by factors internal or external to the school.	Students	Medium	 We have a range of activities to promote the spiritual, moral, social and emotional needs of students aimed at protecting them from radical and extremist influences in Personal Tutor time. Staff deliver training to help students develop critical thinking around influence, social media and other on-line safety in Personal Tutor time or in lessons. Staff and other adults working with students are challenged if opinions or language expressed are contrary to community cohesion or 'British values'. Staff are able to challenge students, parents or governors if opinions expressed are contrary to community cohesion or 'British values'. Staff are aware of local factor i.e. political views etc. which might have an influence on students. There is a visiting speakers' policy which ensures that due diligence is undertaken for all visiting speakers invited into the school by staff or students. 	Part of staff induction, INSET, safeguarding updates and safeguarding bulletins/ procedures.	Low

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Сс	ontrol Measures	Notes/Additional	Residual Risk:
		at risk	High,			controls	High, Medium,
			Medium,				Low
			Low				
Welfare and	School does	Students	Medium	•	We communicate regularly with	Part of staff	Low
Safeguarding	not work				statutory partners and agencies	induction, INSET,	
	with				regarding a range of concerns.	safeguarding	
	statutory			•	All staff are aware that concerns are	updates and	
	partners and				reported to the DSL.	safeguarding	
	agencies			•	We have an appropriate internal referral	bulletins/	
	and/or does				process in place for all child protection	procedures.	
	not feel				matters including extremism and the		
	comfortable				DSL is aware of how to expedite		
	sharing				concerns to other agencies.		
	extremism						
	related						
	concerns						
	externally						

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals at risk	Risk: High, Medium, Low	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk: High, Medium, Low
Curriculum and learning	Students are exposed by school staff or contracted providers to messages supportive of extremism, terrorism or which contradicts 'British values'	Students	Medium	 We have appropriate whistleblowing procedures and a range of safeguarding policies which are known and understood by staff, volunteers & regular contracted staff. Staff and other adults working with students are challenged if opinions or language expressed are contrary to community cohesion or 'British values'. Opportunities to promote 'British values' are identified within all curriculum areas. Areas of the curriculum e.g. PSHE are used for controlled and safe debate and discussion on radical or extreme issues and ideologies. We have appropriate filters in place which reduce the risk of students being able to access inappropriate information via the school IT system 	Part of staff induction, INSET, safeguarding updates and safeguarding bulletins/ procedures.	Low

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals at risk	Risk: High, Medium, Low	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk: High, Medium, Low
Curriculum and learning	Student come with views from their own country/homes which are seen in the UK as extremist.	Students and Staff	High	 Being an international school, staff are made aware of this and are particularly sensitive to cultural, political, and national differences; We have appropriate whistleblowing procedures and a range of safeguarding policies which are known and understood by staff, volunteers, and regular contracted staff; Staff challenge students if opinions or language expressed are contrary to community cohesion or 'British values'; Areas of the curriculum e.g. PSHE are used for controlled and safe debate and discussion on radical or extreme issues and ideologies; If an issue is raised by a member of staff, training for students in particular Programme of Studies. or whole school can be arranged. 	Part of staff induction for staff and students, assemblies, the student handbook, staff INSET, safeguarding updates and safeguarding bulletins/ procedures.	Low

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Со	ontrol Measures	Notes/Additional	Residual Risk:
		at risk	High,			controls	High, Medium,
			Medium,				Low
			Low				
Curriculum	Students	Students	High	•	Being an international school, staff are	Part of staff	Low
and learning	whose home	and Staff			made aware of this and are particularly	induction for staff	
	countries				sensitive to cultural, political and	and students,	
	may face				national differences;	assemblies, the	
	diplomatic			•	We have appropriate whistleblowing	student	
	tension get				procedures and a range of safeguarding	handbook, staff	
	into an				policies which are known and	INSET,	
	argument or				understood by staff, volunteers and	safeguarding	
	insult each				regular contracted staff;	updates and	
	other.			•	Staff are trained for student-on-student	safeguarding	
					abuse, what to do and how to report it;	bulletins/	
				•	Students know that the School's ethos	procedures.	
					of acceptance and respect for other		
					cultures is paramount;		
				•	During the admissions process, agents		
					and admissions staff make it clear to		
					students that they are joining an		
					international community with around 60		
					nationalities;		
				•	Staff challenge students if opinions or		
					language expressed are contrary to		
					community cohesion or 'British values';		
				•	Areas of the curriculum e.g. PSHE are		
					used for controlled and safe debate and		

	discussion on radical or extreme issues
	and ideologies;
	If an issue is raised by a member of
	staff, training for students in particular
	Programme of Studies, or whole-school
	can be arranged.

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Control Measures	Notes/Additional	Residual Risk:
		at risk	High,		controls	High, Medium,
			Medium,			Low
			Low			
Curriculum	Behaviours	Students	High	Students are taught about respect for	Assemblies,	Low
and learning	which harm	and Staff		other cultures and gain an	student	
	the ability of			understanding of community cohesion;	handbook,	
	different			Opportunities are created both within	personal tutor	
	groups and			the environment and the curriculum to	time, lessons	
	individuals to			promote the setting's ethos and values;		
	learn and			• Displays and other literature available in		
	work			school reflects and encourages diversity		
	together are			and community cohesion;		
	left			Whole School Behaviour Policy includes		
	unchallenged.			information on anti-bullying strategies		
				and preventative measures		

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Co	ontrol Measures	Notes/Additional	Residual Risk:
		at risk	High,			controls	High, Medium,
			Medium,				Low
			Low				
Organisational	Staff or	Students	High	•	Senior Leadership Team are aware of	Part of induction,	Low
Culture	contracted	and Staff			the 'Prevent' Strategy and its objectives	INSET,	
	providers are				as it relates to both the national and	safeguarding	
	not aware				local context and take steps to ensure	updates and	
	of/do not				that the overall values and ethos of the	safeguarding	
	subscribe to				school reflect strategies to support the	bulletins/	
	the ethos				'Prevent' duty;	procedures.	
	and values of			•	Clear awareness of roles and		
	the school				responsibilities regarding;		
				•	'Prevent' exist across the school;		
				•	Recruitment, selection and induction		
					programmes exist which include		
					reference to the ethos and values of the		
					school. (See Safer Recruitment and		
					Staff Code of Conduct policies.)		

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals at risk	Risk: High, Medium,	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk: High, Medium, Low
			Low			
Organisational	Staff are	Students	High	Appropriate whistleblowing	Part of induction,	Low
Culture	unable to raise	and Staff		procedures are in place and adults	INSET,	
	extremism			working with students are made	safeguarding	
	related			aware of them.	updates and	
	organisational				safeguarding	

concerns due	Records are kept of incidents which	bulletins/
to the lack of	are reported to the DSL for	procedures.
an appropriate	consideration and, where appropriate,	
whistleblowing	are referred on to the appropriate	
procedure.	agency.	

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Control Measures	Notes/Additional	Residual Risk:
		at risk	High,		controls	High, Medium,
			Medium,			Low
			Low			
Visiting	Students/staff	Students	Medium	We have a policy in place which	Part of induction,	Low
speakers	are exposed	and Staff		ensures staff have carried out due	INSET,	
	by visiting			diligence before inviting a speaker into	safeguarding	
	speakers to			school.	updates and	
	messages			This policy would also be applied if a	safeguarding	
	supportive of			student invited a speaker into school.	bulletins/	
	extreme			 Where applicable and necessary, 	procedures.	
	ideologies or			materials to be delivered by external		
	which			speakers are discussed with the		
	contradict			speaker prior to delivery.		
	'British			Visiting speakers are never left alone		
	values'.			with students.		

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Control Measures	Notes/Additional	Residual Risk:
		at risk	High,		controls	High, Medium,
			Medium,			Low
			Low			

Visiting	Extremist or	All	Medium	•	The appropriateness and relevance of	Low
speakers	terrorist	premises			all materials or literature are considered	
	related	users			prior to display;	
	material is			•	Staff concerns are discussed with the	
	displayed				DSL before materials are used;	
	within the			•	Requests for externally provided	
	setting.				materials to be displayed are made prior	
					to the event.	

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals at risk	Risk: High, Medium, Low	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk: High, Medium, Low
Visiting speakers	School premises are used to host events supportive of extremism or which popularise hatred or intolerance of those with particular protected characteristics.	All premises users	Low	 We do not hire or let the Worthgate School buildings. We often will host staff training and development events at the College but all speakers' training sessions are discussed in advance with the Training Officer and are vetted by the training association they work for. We do not host events with private individuals 		Low

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals at risk	Risk: High, Medium, Low	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk: High, Medium, Low
IT	Students access extremist or terrorist material whilst using school networks.	Students	High	 The ICT network has appropriate filters which block sites which are deemed to be inappropriate; School has robust acceptable use procedures for both students and staff which include advice on inappropriate attempts to subvert the network; Monthly Web usage data is shared with the DSL, highlighting the most blocked users/categories/sites, enabling the school to direct PSHE/RSE teaching accordingly Students are encouraged to report to an adult any material which leaves them feeling worried or uncomfortable. 	 Part of induction for staff and students, assemblies, the student/staff handbook/ INSET; NOS (National College) online safety training; Safeguarding updates and safeguarding bulletins procedures, staff handbook, INSET. All students will only be able to log on to the school wifi using their school email accounts (enabling the school to have a better oversight on actual users accessing unacceptable material online, so more direct action can be taken); Proxy avoidance increases the risk of students bypassing 	Medium

		internet restrictions/	
		blocks set up by the	
		school.	

Risk	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk:
Area		at risk	High,			High, Medium,
			Medium,			Low
			Low			
IT	On-line/social	Students	High	We have oversight of, or		Low
	media	and Staff		administration rights for, all social		
	communications			media accounts set up by us.		
	relating to					
	extremist or					
	terrorist					
	materials					
	feature the					
	school's					
	branding.					

Risk Area	Hazard	Individuals	Risk:	Control Measures	Notes/Additional controls	Residual Risk:
		at risk	High,			High, Medium,
			Medium,			Low
			Low			
IT	Students	Students	High	Staff and Boarding Staff are	Part of induction for	Low
	access			provided with advice on where	staff and students,	
	extremist or			they can access information and	assemblies, the	

on staying safe on-line. In addition to school staff and support services, students are aware of a range of online websites and support services where any concerns they have can be reported confidentiality to the appropriate agency.	terroris materi out of school setting	als the	In addition to school staff and support services, students are aware of a range of online websites and support services where any concerns they have can be reported confidentiality to the appropriate	•	
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